

revComp, v. 1.6: Reverse-Complement a DNA Sequence

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1 Introduction

2 Getting Started

revComp was written in C on a computer running Linux and should work on any standard UNIX system. However, please contact me at haubold@evolbio.mpg.de if you have any problems with the program.

- Unpack the program

```
tar -xvzf revComp_XXX.tgz
```

where XXX indicates the version.

- Change into the newly created directory

```
cd RevComp_XXX
```

and list its contents

```
ls
```

- Generate revComp

```
make
```

- List its options

```
./revComp -h
```

- Test program

```
./revComp test.fasta
```

3 Listing

The following listing documents the driver program for revComp.

```
1 **** revComp.c ****
* Description:
* Author: Bernhard Haubold, haubold@evolbio.mpg.de
* Date: Tue Jan 6 16:32:34 2015
****/
6 #include <stdio.h>
```

```

#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "sequenceData.h"
#include "StringUtil.h"
11 #include "interface.h"
#include "eprintf.h"

#define LINELENGTH 70

16 void scanFile(FILE *fp, Args *args);

int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    int i;
    char *version;
21    Args *args;
    FILE *fp;

    version = "1.6";
    setprogname2("revComp");
26    args = getArgs(argc, argv);
    if(args->v)
        printSplash(version);
    if(args->h || args->e)
        printUsage(version);
31    if(args->numInputFiles == 0) {
        fp = stdin;
        scanFile(fp, args);
    }else{
        for(i=0;i<args->numInputFiles;i++) {
            fp = efopen(args->inputFiles[i],"r");
            scanFile(fp, args);
            fclose(fp);
        }
    }
41    free(args);
    free(progname());
    return 0;
}

46 void scanFile(FILE *fp, Args *args) {
    Sequence *seq;
    int i, c, residues;

    seq = NULL;
51    while((seq = getNextSequence(fp)) != NULL) {
        if(args->r)
            rev(seq->seq);
        if(args->c)
            comp(seq->seq);
56        if(!(args->r || args->c))
            revcomp(seq->seq);
        c = 0;
        i = 0;
        residues = strlen(seq->seq);

```

```

61     printf("%s\u2014", chomp(seq->id));
62     if(args->r)
63         printf("REVERSE");
64     if(args->c)
65         printf("COMPLEMENT");
66     if(!(args->c || args->r))
67         printf("REVERSECOMPLEMENT");
68     printf("\n");
69     while(i < residues) {
70         if(c == LINELENGTH) {
71             printf("\n");
72             c = 0;
73         }
74         printf("%c", seq->seq[i]);
75         i++;
76         c++;
77     }
78     printf("\n");
79     freeSequence(seq);
80 }
81 }
```

4 Change Log

- Version 1.6 (January 6, 2015)
 - First version with standardized interface. valgrind still flags one lost memory block:
`sh valgrind.sh`